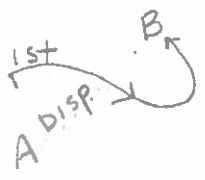


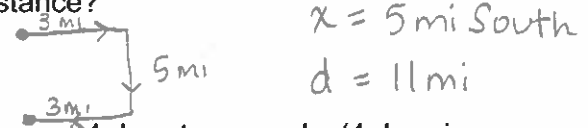
OBJECTIVE: Describe motion & forces both qualitatively and quantitatively (Obj 1, 3-5)

Speed = Distance/time (d/t)	Velocity = Displacement/time (x/t) direction
Acceleration = (v _f - v _i)/time	Force = mass x acceleration (direction)
Weight = mass x gravity	Momentum (p) = mass x velocity (direction)



- What is the difference between distance and displacement? Draw a picture if necessary.
 dist - scalar, how far an obj has traveled (path taken)
 disp - vector, how far an obj has moved from its starting point

- If I go 3 miles east, 5 miles south, and 3 miles west, what are my displacement and distance?



- Convert 4 days to seconds. (4 days is a measurement)

$$\frac{4 \cancel{\text{d}} \times 24 \cancel{\text{hr}} \times 3600 \text{s}}{1 \cancel{\text{d}} \times 1 \cancel{\text{hr}}} = 345,600 \rightarrow \boxed{300,000 \text{ s}}$$

- If a train goes 52 mi/hr for 2.0 days, how far will it go?

$$S = \frac{d}{t} \quad 52 \text{ mi/hr} = \frac{d}{48 \text{ h}} \quad (52)(48) = d \quad \rightarrow \boxed{2500 \text{ mi}}$$

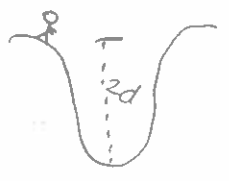
- If a sprinter goes from 0 m/s to 8 m/s in 0.1 seconds, what is her acceleration?

$$a = \frac{v_f - v_i}{t} \quad a = \frac{8 \text{ m/s} - 0 \text{ m/s}}{.1 \text{ s}} = \boxed{80 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ in the pos. dir}}$$

- If you shout into the Grand Canyon, your voice travels at the speed of sound (340 m/s) to the bottom of the canyon and back, and you hear an echo. How deep is the Grand Canyon at a spot where you can hear your echo 5.2 seconds after you shout?

$$S = 340 \text{ m/s} \quad 340 \text{ m/s} = \frac{2d}{5.2 \text{ s}} \quad d = 884 \rightarrow \boxed{880 \text{ m}}$$

$$t = 5.2 \text{ s} \quad (340)(5.2) = 2d$$



- Falling objects drop with an average acceleration of 9.8 m/s². If an object falls from a tall building, how long will it take before it reaches a speed of 49 m/s?

$$a = 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \quad t = ? \quad 9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 = \frac{49 \text{ m/s} - 0 \text{ m/s}}{t} \quad \rightarrow \boxed{t = 5.0 \text{ s}}$$

$$v_i = 0 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_f = 49 \text{ m/s}$$

- What is the weight (in pounds) of a 7.0 kg bowling ball on Earth's surface. (1kg = 2.2 lbs) What is the weight in N?

$$\frac{7.0 \text{ kg} \times 2.2 \text{ lb}}{1 \text{ kg}} = 15.4 \rightarrow \boxed{15 \text{ lb}}$$

$$W = mg$$

$$W = (7.0 \text{ kg})(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2) = 68.6 \rightarrow \boxed{69 \text{ N}}$$

9. What is the mass of a 7.0 kg bowling ball on the surface of the moon?

MASS never changes! 7.0 kg anywhere!

10. What is the weight (in Newtons) of a 7.0 kg bowling ball on the surface of the moon?
Gravity on the moon is 1.6 m/s^2 .

$$W = mg \quad W = (7.0 \text{ kg})(1.6 \text{ m/s}^2)$$
$$W = 11 \text{ N}$$

11. What is the rate of acceleration of a 2,000-kilogram truck if a force of 4,200 N is used to make it start moving forward?

$$F = ma$$
$$F = 4,200 \text{ N}$$
$$m = 2,000 \text{ kg}$$
$$a = ?$$
$$4,200 \text{ N} = (2,000 \text{ kg})(a)$$
$$2,000 \text{ kg} \quad 2,000 \text{ kg}$$
$$a = 2 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ forward}$$

12. How much force is needed to accelerate a 68 kg skier at a rate of 1.2 m/s^2 ?

$$F = ?$$
$$m = 68 \text{ kg}$$
$$a = 1.2 \text{ m/s}^2$$
$$F = (68 \text{ kg})(1.2 \text{ m/s}^2)$$
$$F = 82 \text{ N}$$

13. What is the mass of an object that needs a force of 4,500 N to accelerate it at a rate of 5 m/s^2 ?

$$F = 4,500 \text{ N}$$
$$m = ?$$
$$a = 5 \text{ m/s}^2$$
$$4,500 \text{ N} = (m)(5 \text{ m/s}^2)$$
$$5 \quad 5$$
$$m = 900 \text{ kg}$$

14. My friend's mass is 65 kg. What is her weight in N?

$$W = mg$$
$$W = (65 \text{ kg})(9.8 \text{ m/s}^2)$$
$$W = 637 \rightarrow 640 \text{ N}$$

15. Calculate the momentum of a 11.35 kg wagon rolling down a hill at 12 m/s.

$$p = mv$$
$$m = 11.35 \text{ kg}$$
$$v = 12 \text{ m/s}$$
$$p = (11.35 \text{ kg})(12 \text{ m/s})$$
$$p = 136.2 \rightarrow 140 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s down hill}$$

16. Which has more momentum: a 6,000 kg elephant napping or a 0.15 kg baseball traveling at 40 m/s?

ELEPHANT

$$p = (6000 \text{ kg})(0 \text{ m/s})$$
$$p = 0!$$

vs

BASEBALL

$$p = (.15 \text{ kg})(40 \text{ m/s})$$
$$p = 6 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

17. Which has more momentum: a 111 kg linebacker running at a speed of 5.6 m/s or a 82 kg quarterback moving at 2.5 m/s.

$$p = (111 \text{ kg})(5.6 \text{ m/s})$$
$$p = 620 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

LINEBACKER

$$p = (82 \text{ kg})(2.5 \text{ m/s})$$
$$p = 205 \rightarrow 2.1 \times 10^2 \text{ kg} \cdot \text{m/s}$$

QB